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GERMAN CABINET MEETS TO ACT IN **POLITICAL CRISIS**

Three Killed When Troops Fire on Workmen in Potsdam Demonstration.

MUST DECIDE ON CALLING OF SESSION OF REICHSTAG

Nationalists Expected to Launch Attack on Treaty Made With

U. S. If It Convenes. By the Associated Press.

BERLIN, August 29.—Political conditions in Germany, which during the past few days have assumed a grave

aspect, were considered by the cabinet today. President Ebert presided over the session, which was called on Saturday in such a way as to show that the ministry was concerned over the situation. The assassination of Mathias Erzberger last Friday has appeared to have set a match to the

in a serious predicament. One of the features of the situation which is troubling the government is the attitude of organized labor, supported by the socialist and communist parties, in demanding the definite suppression of the activities and machinations of the pan-Germans. This party has been unusually active of late, holding battle anniversaries, "steel helmet" athletic meets, "front troop reunions," and other affairs at which Field Marshal von Hindenburg, Gen. Ludendorff and other military leaders have been present. These functions have, for the most part, taken on the character of anti-republican manifestations. of the features of the situation

lican manifestations.

Must Decide on Session Must Decide on Session.

The government must decide in the next few days whether it will call the reichstag into session before September 27, the date fixed for that body to meet. There is a disposition on the part of Chancellor Wirth not to take this action, because of his desire to avoid debate upon the American peace treaty before that pact is ratified by the United States Senate. The government would be unable to prevent such debate, in view of the overfied by the United States Senate. The government would be unable to prevent such debate, in view of the overheated political atmosphere engendered by the murder of Herr Erzberger. It is a foregone conclusion that the nationalists, if the reichstag should convene, would promptly attack the government because of its acceptance of paragraph 231 of the treaty, by which Germany and her allies accepted responsibility for the war.

Ratification of the treaty is believed to be certain in the reichstag through the votes of the three coalition parties and the independent socialists, which command 277 out of the 469 votes in the reichstag. This number, however, would not include the twenty-one votes controlled by the Bavarian people's party, which nominally is allied to the clericals.

Chancellor Wirth also has not as yet

Although the Wirth cabinet may count or a vote of confidence if it should be necessary, it realizes the present hour is hardly opportune for parliamentary activity, in view of the partisan acerbities, which have reached the white heat stage in the last three days. It is feared that the political feeling, if permitted to spend its fury in open session of the reichstag, would promptly convert that body into a veritable cockpit.

The Washington conference regarding the Asiatic continent cannot ig-ing the Asiatic continent cannot ig Press Fight Raging.

In the meantime the fight over the tragic death of Herr Erzberger is being waged with increasing venom in party organs. The clerical newspaper, Germania, supposed to be a paragon of journalistic ethics, is being sued by the Deutsche Tages Zeitung for libel because it included that newspaper, the organ of the pan-Germans and the agrarians among the 'syndicate of parcause it included that hewspaper, the organ of the pan-Germans and the agrarians, among the 'syndicate of nationalist murderers."

Policical observers believe it is not unlikely that Chancellor Wirth, in order to save his cabinet, may make a shift to the left for the purpose of winning the support of the independent socialists, thus securing a more ample foundation for his minority ministry and offsetting the possible defection of the German people's party. This organization, under the leadership of Gustav Streseman, has already sharply resented charges by the radicals that it was jointly responsible with the nationalists for the assassination of Herr Erzberger.

The government is about to undergo a decisive test in the reichstag in connec-

decisive test in the reichstag in connection with the forthcoming tax legislation and other measures and its work is being vastly increased by the feeling aroused over the Erzberger episode. RAISE RED FLAG IN POTSDAM.

BERLIN. August 29.—Although Mathias Erzberger was one of the most bitter opponents of bolshevism, the red flag was hoisted in Potsdam Sunday in his honor, and was at the forefront of the fight between the troops and the workingmen which resulted in two men being shot and killed by soldiers and one being fatally wounded.

It is generally feared in Berlin the demonstance of the soldier and the sol

ly wounded.
It is generally feared in Berlin that
there will be outbreaks of violence at
the demonstration called for next
Wednesday to protest against the
murder of Erzberger and the weakness of the present government, under which a score or more of political
assassinations have taken place without the culprit heing apprehended

out the culprits being apprehended. Thrown Off Trains. thousand workingmen fro Berlin, and the munitions works at Spandau had journeyed to Potsdam to

Spandau had journeyed to Potsdam to prevent the reactionary demonstration, as the laboring class throughout Germany feels that the monarchists have become too active of late, and that they are also responsible for Erzberger's death.

For that reason the workingmen were in complete control of the old kaiser town of Potsdam, and in the forenoon searched all the arriving trains, trolleys and automobiles for reactionaries wearing the symbol of the German monarchists. Hundreds of the latter were thrown off trains of the latter were thrown of trains and street cars, including soldiers. Wherever a group of reactionaries carrying the old black, white and red flag had the misfortune to run into band of workingmen with a red flag there was a fist fight, which al-ways ended in the monarchists being

Finds Mothers-in-Law Are Outlaws, Urges University for Them

CHICAGO, August 29.—A "university for the education of mothers-in-law" was advocated by Rev. Charles B. Stevens of the Third Presbyterian Church in a sermon last night. He asserted the mother-in-law problem had ceased to be a

joke.
"Seventy-five per cent of all matrimonial disasters are precipitated by her interference," he asserted. "She is an outlaw instead of an in-law."

RUSSIA A FACTOR IN PARLEYS HERE, VIEW OF EXPERTS

Believe Soviet and Siberia Must Be Considered in

Far East Problems. BY JUNIUS B. WOOD.

By Cable to The Star and Chicago Daily News. clerks to begin immediately the sort-Copyright, 1921. TOKIO, Japan, August 29.—Experts in far eastern affairs are starting to claims piled up combustibles, which have inquire what role Russia and Siberia piled up combustibles, which have inquire what role Russia and Siberia It is estimated that it will take apthe cabinet is believed to find itself disarmament conference in Washthe sorting of the checks, which have never been touched since they were used. Completion of the task and the examination affairs, it would be decidedly short-sighted and fallacious to attempt any settlement of Asiatic conditions without considering Russia's great potentialities.

"Only those who wish to be blind politically believe Russia's present condition will continue indefinitely." said an American military official who is in close touch with oriental affairs. "Russia was formerly the biggest factor in the Asiatic arena and interitably will resume an influential position. Any settlement of Pacific problems without considering Russia is like union bands agreeing to working hours and ignoring their largest competitor because it is temporarily silent. However, when the competitor resumes playing this may be rather disconcerting to the expected harmony.

"Our investigations indicate that ington. They declare that although "Our investigations indicate that

the actual underlying conditions in Russia and Siberia are entirely dif-Russia and Siberia are entirely dif-ferent from the impression various propaganda agencies with headquar-ters in the border countries are try-ing to create in the outside world. These succeeded to a certain extent in creating the desired public miscon-ception of the real situation, but re-sponsible officials in America are awake to the actual facts, and many observers believe that in less than five years Russia will again be tak-ing a powerful position in Pacific problems." The Japanese press optimistically

The Japanese press optimistically expects the present conference at Dairen of representatives of the Japanese and other governments to entrench Japan in a commanding position in Siberia before the Washington conference meets.

Commenting on the fact that the Russian problem has not been considered for the Washington conference, the Yokohama Gazette, which has a British editor, says that "it is typecessary to dwall on the fact that unnecessary to dwell on the fact that work is in keeping with the policy of Russia had more casualties than any other allied power and that the sacrifice of 3,000,000 Russian soldiers dulled of service. Mr. McCarl wants them to Chancellor Wirth also has a determined the final attitude of the determined the final attitude of the ferran people's party when the treaty will come up in the reichstag. During the German war scythe sufficiently to allow the chancellor and after the German war scythe sufficiently to allow the allies to complete the department is concerned, and intends to struction of the central powers. Just as Russia was indispensable in winning the war, so Russia is indispensable in gaining a stable peace. The Washington conference regarding the Asiatic continent cannot ignored the final attitude of the German war scythe sufficiently to allow the allies to complete the destruction of the central powers. Just as Russia was indispensable in winning the war, so Russia is indispensable in gaining a stable peace. The Washington conference regarding the Asiatic continent cannot ignored the German war scythe sufficiently to have prompt services. Mr. McCarl wants them to of service. Mr. McCarl wants them to have prompt service so far at his department is concerned, and intends to give it. When the sorting of the cancellor of the central powers and that the sacrifice of 3,000,000 Russian soldiers dulled the German war scythe sufficiently to allow the allies to complete the destruction of the central powers. Just as Russia was indispensable in winning the war, so Russia is indispensable

OPPOSE JAPANESE PACT.

Canadian Union Men Want to Exclude Orientals. pecial Dispatch to The Star.

washington disarmament conference can feel that they have a mandate from the Canadian union men in opposition to renewal of the Anglo-Japanese treaty. The Dominion Trades Congress in session at Winnipeg and affiliated with the American Federation of Labor has gone on record as opposition reproved of opposing renewal of the treaty, and recommended legislation to exclude orientals from Canada.

"Unless something is done to keep out the orientals," said Deligate F.

Weeker Weeker and along New Lodge road, Belfast, during the dinner hour today, and it was necessary to send armored cars to patrol the locality. Two cases of bullet wounds were treated at a hos-Walsh of Vancouver, "within twenty years British Columbia will be in their hands and under their dominion. The nain objection is to Chinese, Japa-nese and a few Hindus working cheaply and wage cutting on white

MRS. M. T. DUDLEY DIES.

UNSORTED CHECKS TIE UP THOUSANDS OF SOLDIER CLAIMS

Final Settlements Impossible Until Millions of Paid Checks

Are Received. FOUR MONTHS WILL BE

REQUIRED FOR WORK Controller McCarl Makes Discov-

ery and Sets Squad to Work on Huge Task. Thousands of claims of veterans of the world war for adjustments in their pay are being held up because the millions of checks used in payment during the war have never been sorted. Controller General of the United States McCarl today ordered

the formation of a special squad of

the sorting of the checks, which have

piled high with great bundles of paper, and inquiry developed that they were the canceled cnecks of the Army, Navy and war risk bureau issued during the war.

Further investigation developed the fact that there were thousands of claims awaiting the assortment of these checks. The controller general's office is the final court of appeal on adjustments of pay. When a claim on adjustments of pay. When a claim is made it is necessary to make a minute search of the records and the collection of all of the papers involved. Necessarily the veterans claims cannot be completed until the checks used during the war are examined.

SHOOTING AND BOMBING IN BELFAST REPORTED

OTTAWA, Ont., August 28.—The Canadian delegates who attend the Washington disarmament conference | Armored Cars Patrol Streets. Irish Cabinet Considers Reply to Lloyd George.

By the Associated Press. BELFAST, August 29 .- Shooting and bombing occurred in North Queens street and along New Lodge road, Bel it was necessary to send armored cars to patrol the locality. Two cases of bullet wounds were treated at a hospital, one man having been shot in the

By the Associated Press.

DUBLIN, August 29.—The members of the Irish republican cabinet gathered at the Mansion House here this morning, coming direct from the country, where they spent the week end, but, according to an official report, no formal meeting was held.

Eamonn De Valera, the republican leader, did not remain at the Mansion

ALLENHURST, N. J., August 29. -Further official investigation was made today as the result of the death of a guest from a fist fight involving the belle of the annual masked ball which forms the summer's social climax for the fashionable beach colony here. Cecil Adrian Afthur of New York, son of Mrs. J. Charles Taite of London, England, died as the result of a quarrel during the Salvadore Laborde, a student in the college of mechanical engi-neering at Cornell University, whose home is in Havana, Cuba,

whose home is in Havana, Cuba, is under arrest.

The prosecution's chief witness is expected to be Mrs. John S. Sutphen, jr., of New York, who, with her husband, was Arthur's with her husband, was Arthurs guest at the ball and was dancing with Arthur when the altercation occurred. According to Laborde's friends, he thought he recognized as a friend Mrs. Sutphen, who was masked and who attracted much attention by a masquerade cos-tume of which black silk knickerbockers were a feature. He asked her to dance and was refused. Then, according to detectives who investigated the case, his insistence led to the quarrel with

ence led to the quarrel with Arthur.

The fight took place during intermission, when the masquerade guests were in the grillroom of the hotel where the dance took place. Jose Ancuna and Manuel Fernandes of Havana, who were seated at a table with Laborde, say Arthur was the aggressor. In the fight Arthur went down from a blow to the chin and his skull was fractured. He died in a hospital. Laborde was held in the Free-hold jail today awaiting an in-quest. His companions were held as material witnesses in \$5,000

as material witnesses in \$5,000 ball each, which they provided. The head waiter, who was also held as a witness, was unable to provide bond.

Ancuna declared two other women at the dance were dressed like Mrs. Sutphen, with black knickerbockers, blouse and tam-o'-shanter, and one of them was a member of the Cubans' party. This and the fact that Mrs. Sutphen's back was turned when Laborde approached to ask for a dance, led to the mistaken identity, Ancuna explained.



A RAY OF HOPE.

EXPECIED TO DROP

Commissioners Not Likely to **Renew Recommendation** to Congress.

The present board of Commissioners is not likely to renew to Congress this year the recommendation that a bond issue be floated to finance permanent improvements needed by the city. The former board, composed of Com missioners Kutz, Hendrick and Board man, suggested a bond issue to cove the cost of school buildings, playgrounds, new bridges and the pur chase of land to complete the park system

Completion of the check assortment also will save the government hundreds of dollars, it was pointed out. In cases where it is impossible to find a check for a payment on which a claim is pending it is usual for the government to issue duplicates. Unless the assortment is resorted to it is possible that a claim might be settled because of failure to find the canceled check.

The plan of the controller general to concentrate a large force on this to concentrate a large force on this work is in keening with the policy of the deficiency biffs, to be paid for the deficiency biffs, to be paid for each by the United States, the same ratio which applied to the regular District appropriation bill.

Still Need for Playgrounds.

It was indicated at the District building today that the idea of a bond the controller general to the saving this fell.

It was indicated at the District buliding today that the idea of a bond issue would not be revived this fall. While a portion of the school-building program was provided for in the deficiency bill last year, the need for playgrounds, additions to the park system and a new Calvert Street bridge still evigts. pridge still exists.
In proposing a bond issue last year, he former Commissioners took the view the former Commissioners took the view that these projects are of such a permanent nature that the benefits will be spread over a long period of years, and, therefore, their cost should also be met during a period of years.

They pointed out that such large items could not be included in the current appropriation bill without necessitating an unreasonable tax rate.

Failed to Act on \$4,000,000. Before placing the school building items in the deficiency bill last year the Senate gave some consideration to al-owing the District to have a part of the lowing the District to have a part of the four-million-dollar surplus which has accumulated in the Treasury of the United States to the credit of the District. Congress, however, failed to act favorably on that plan.

While the present Commissioners have made no statement as to what they may incorporate in their coming report to Congress, it is possible that they will make some suggestion regarding the use of this surplus to enable the District to obtain the playgrounds, parks, bridges and other large improvements that are needed.

Land May Be Lost. It was pointed out today that if the purchase of ground for playgrounds and additions to the park system is postponed much longer the available land will be converted to private

able land will be converted to private use.

Even if the Commissioners were willing to ask for all of these projects in their regular budget they probably would be unable to do so because ofdon that the uprising would be continued the revenue which the city expects to collect next year.

The Commissioners are working diligently today in order to furnish Budget Director Dawes with a tentative report of the amount of the District estimates by September 1.

The city heads will need ten more days to complete their budget in all its details.

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The city heads will need ten more days to complete their budget in all its details. its details.

President to call conference here to solve unemployment problem. Page 1
Millions of unsorted checks are delaying settlement of soldiers' claims.

Page 1
Charles W. Pugsley selected to be assistant secretary of agriculture.

Page 1
Suspected joker in treaty permits U. S. to join league.

Page 1
Commany cabinet meets to act in resitt.

Miners in battle with state police Mingo district. Page Police find 1,500 vacant lots in District grown over with weeds. Page 3 grown over with weeks. Bank bandits get \$224,000 in Chicago. Page Retired U. S. workers decide to delay calling on President. Page 3 Council of league today takes up Silesian question. Page 3

Rev. F. E. Clark calls lazy indifference present peril of church. Page 1 ing Albert decorates members of American Legion. Page 17 Vearly \$19,000,000 in revenue collected in District. Page 20 Reliroads attribute increased earnings restored to the property of the state of the

Hebron, Who Made Million as, Doorman

at Delmonico's, Dies NEW YORK, August 29.—Bon vivants of bygone days learned today of the death of James W. Hebron, who made a fortune as a doorman in the heydey of Delmonico's downtown restau-

Four years after immigrating from Ireland in the seventies, he got a job at Delmonico's at \$1 a day. His tips the first day were \$18, including a \$5 bill from William Waldorf Astor.

Advice from patrons of the restaurant started him operating in the stock market, in which he was credited with having made \$1,090,000. Ten children survive him.

700 INDIAN REBELS **KILLED IN BATTLES**

Many Hindus Are Massacred and Seventy British Soldiers Are Missing.

CALICUT, India, August 29.—Nearly park 700 members of the insurgent bands which have been creating disorders in the district south and southeast of this city have been killed in fights with British forces sent to quell the uprising. Several Europeans have been killed, while seventy men of the Leinster regiment and seventeen native policemen are missing. Many Hindus have been massacred.

Indian troops are being brought southward from Cannanore, a mili-|sponsibilities" necessitated his leavtary station on the Malabar coast north of this city, and will be thrown into the troubled districts to quell the uprising of the Moplah tribes in the neighborhood of Ponani. It is reported that the insurgents have de ported that the insurgents have de-stroyed bridges and felled trees across roads for the purpose of ob-structing troop movements. Blue-jackets and marines from the war-ship Comus have been landed here.

TROOPS REACH MALABAR British Believe Uprising in India

Will Be Kept in Check. By the Associated Press. LONDON, August 29 .- Reports to

less isolated from the other portions of India which might be expected to lend co-operation in the movement if any were forthcoming, but it would not surprise official circles here if at least the fanatical Mohammedans

Today's News

in Paragraphs

Russia to be factor in far east conference
here, experts believe. Page 1
Commissioners likely to drop idea or bond issue for improvements nere.

Page 1
President to call conference here to salva.

to join league.

German cabinet meets to act in political crisis.

A. F. of L. to take so action on railroad waga reductions.

Page 1 serms and ammunition in recent looting and through the treachery of some of the native police and former native soldiers in the British army.

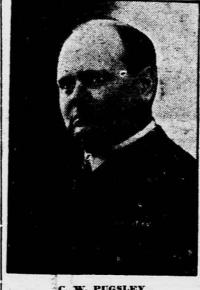
Except in the hands of trained troops, these arms probably would not be particularly effective in a battle with native police. British regulars, since the natives are notoriously poor shots and un-acquainted with modern equipment.

GREEK KING RECOVERS. Constantine Resumes His Duties

After Illness. ATHENS, August 28.—Today's officia ulletin, issued by the physicians in attendance on King Constantine in Asia Minor, asserts that the king has been restored to health and has resumed his

C. W. PUGSLEY TO BE

Named to Succeed Dr. Ball as Assistant Head of Agriculture Department.



C. W. PUGSLEY.

President Harding has selected Charles W. Pugsley of Nebraska to be assistant secretary of agriculture, to succeed Dr. Elmer D. Ball, whose resignation, to take effect October 1, Secretary of the covenant of the league of nations in Versailles treaty). The provisions of that treaty (covenant of the league of nations in Versailles treaty). The provisions of that treaty of action and to cover the area where such hope for unity of action is possible to keep out which relate to the covenant of the league of nations, nor shall the United States shall not be bound by the provisions of part the hope of unity of action is possible to keep out which relate to the covenant of the league of nations, nor shall the United States shall not be bound by invarianted fear that there may be a unwarranted fear that there may be a two provisions of part to be bound by the provisions of part the United States shall not be bound by the provisions of part the unwarranted fear that there may be a two provisions of part to be bound by the provisions of part the unwarranted fear that there may be a unwarranted fear that the united States shall not be unwarranted fear that the united states and suffering. The provision of the unwarranted fe resignation, to take effect October 1, league of nations, nor shall the United States be bound by any action taken by the league of nations or by the announcement made at the White council or by the assembly thereof unless the United States shall expect to the states of the states is I nation Dr. Ball stated that "other reing public service.

Mr. Púgsley is nationally known in agricultural circles and for several years has been the editor of the Nebraska Farmer. According to the White House, he has had "just the sort of training to properly fit him for his new duties."

Born on Nebraska Farm. He was born on a Nebraska farm In 1908 he was appointed assistant professor of animal husbandry at the University of Nebraska. The following year he was promoted to head professor of agronomy and farm

In 1911 he was state leader of the county agents and boys' and girls' club

nature. The formal nomination for ap-pointment will go to the Senate when it reconvenes after its recess.

BY EDGAR MOWRER.

'CONFERENCE DIVISION,' LIKE MILITARY STAFF, FOR STATE DEPARTMENT Creation within the State Depart-

partment of a "conference division," to include chiefs of existing bureaus and specialists on far eastern and other subjects to be discussed at the armament and far eastern conference,

armament and far eastern conference, soon will be undertaken. Undersecretary of State Fletcher said today that some officials of the proposed division already were busily engaged in making physical arrangements incident to the meeting and in the preparation of data.

The conference division, it was explained, would function much like a military staff, with Secretary Hughes as head of the American commission. Mr. Fletcher probably will occupy the position corresponding to chief of staff, with bureau chiefs assisting, and the whole divided into sections according to the character and number of subjects to be dealt with in the international meeting.

SUSPECTED JOKER IN TREATY PERMIS U. S. TO JOIN LEAGUE

Hughes-Knox Document May Open Way to Binding **Executive Action.**

BY DAVID LAWRENCE. Is there a joker in the Hughes-Knox reaty, just signed between the United

States and Germany? The question is being asked by many who have closely studied the text of the ocument and discovered that the United States has not closed the door to possible membership in the league of nations after all, and that at any moment the executive branch of our government an consent to be bound by the covenant without the consent of the Senate

r Congress. The joker is contained in article II of the new treaty, which contains II of the new treaty, which contains permissive clauses so broadly phrased as to permit a President or Secretary of State to bring the United States into the league without even referring the matter to Congress. The Senate once before foresaw such a possibility, and in the original Lodge reservations to the Versailles pact the Senate "irreconcilables" used language that would have prohibited the executive from assuming any obligations under the league covenant without the "express consent of Congress."

without the "express consent of Congress."

Lodge reservations also prohibited any American citizen from ever serving the league, and forbade American participation in any commission of the league without consent of Congress. The opponents of the Lodge reservations insisted that such a viewpoint was inconsistent with the Constitution, which gives the executive broad powers to deal with foreign governments, but in the heat of the controversy the objections went unheeded.

Paragraphs Bearing on Point. Now, however, when the final word s being said about our treaty relations with Germany, no prohibition against future membership in the league or any of its commissions is made. The two important paramade. The two important paramade. The two important paramade. tions with Germany, no prohibition graphs of the new treaty bearing unwarranted fear that there may be a

pressly give its assent to such action.
"That while the United States is privileged to participate in the reparation commission, according to the terms of part eight of that treaty, and in any other commission established under the treaty (of Versailles), or any agreement supplemental ther the United States is not bound participate in any such commission unless it shall elect to do so." by the covenant unless it gives its consent. The council of the league of nations operates any way under rules requiring unanimous agreement, so unemployment to make re America could not be bound anyway tions as to measures that

America could not be bound anyway unless she gave her consent. But the phrase "unless the United States shall expressly give its consent to such action" significantly omits reference to Congress, as was insisted upon so specifically in the Lodge reservations. so specifically in the Lodge reservaso specified to the words "United States" tion and give impulse to the recovery of business and commerce to nor the President or Secretary of State, unless a treaty were being negotiated. Chair Remains Vacant. The signatories of the original Ver-

The signatories of the original visions and the united sailles pact designated the United sailles pact designated the United sailles pact designated the United steadily improving, yet some actions of the workers may have exhausted their savings by the coming winter, and they must be a matter of extreme council of the league of nations. The chair has remained vacant. America can send her official or unofficial representative to attend council meetings any time she wishes to do so. The Senate could interpose no objection, for after all the powers of the executive to commit the United States to the use of military or naval forces are cutive to commit the United States to the use of military or naval forces are limited by the Constitution. On the other hand, in view of the delicate (Continued on Page 2, Column 4.)

ALEXANDER ATTACKED IN RUMORS AS PRINCE SEEKS JUGÓSLAV THRONE rich of Zagreb University has re-

By Cable to The Star and Chicago Daily News. Copyright, 1921. ROME, Italy, August 29.-The Rome newspaper Idea Nazionale reports from Zagreb that the iliness of King Alexander has produced the most varied reports. Some of these declare that the king's state is grave, others that his constitution is too weak to support an operation, others that illness is feigned in order to permit an unpopular sovereign to remain away from his country, and so escape the danger of assassination. The newspaper continues: "The general impression is that King Alexander will never be the actual king of the Serbs, Croats and Slovenes, because of coming events, which will change the ac-tual situation of the state. The only certainty in this mass of ruonly certainty in this mass of ru-mor is that there is widespread discontent in Slovenia and Croatia against Serb domination. Deputy Korosetch has protested against the title "the great liberator," which the Serbs wish to give the

former King Peter, and Prof. Seg-

fused to attend the funeral of Peter, because the latter "never was King of Croatia." This situation, while undoubtedly exaggerated, may have encouraged Prince Nicholas Nemanitch Paleo-Prince Nicholas Nemanitch Paleologo, who claims to be the direct descendant of the medieval Serbian emperor, Stephen Dushan, whose race was supposed to be extinct, to claim the Jugoslav throne. The prince maintains in a letter to eminent Slavs that his family has proofs of its direct legitimate descent from the race of St. Stephen of Nemania, and properly from the great Dushan himself. This dynasty created the Serb national church, gave the people its first schools and laws and spent its treasures to civilize Serbia." Perhaps the pretender is anxious to recover these treasures. PARIS, August 28.—The official bulletin on the condition of King Alexander of Jugoslavia says that the abscess which had formed has been lanced and that his temperature fell during Sunday evening to 99. The bulletin adds that the king passed a good night Saturday and that there is no cause for anxiety regarding his condition.

ON UNEMPLOYMENT

TWO CENTS.

tween Capital and Labor Will Be Barred. PROBLEM HELD HUMAN

Contentious Questions Be-

AND NOT FINANCIAL Definite Program Desired by Government Officials to Alleviate

Present Conditions, Says Hoover.

President Harding is to call a national conference in Washington on unemployment, to start about the middle of September. Secretary Hoover of the Department of Commerce has been asked by the President to formulate the plans, which he announced in part today. Secretary Hoover is working in closest cooperation with Secretary Davis of the

Department of Labor. No contentious questions betwee capital, labor and the consuming public are to be allowed to enter into lic are to be allowed to enter into this conference, which is designed particularly to solve the human problem of heads of families who need work, Secretary Hoover said today. In this connection, Secretary Hoover said he is not in sympathy with the demand for liquidation of labor made before the Senate finance committee, and explained that employment is a human problem and cannot be liquidated as finances.

5.735.000 Unemployed.

5,735,000 Unemployed.

While the Department of Labor has announced the unemployment figures as 5.735,000. Secretary Hoover frankly stated that the condition of unemployment is not so bad as this would indicate, as these figures include many who during the figure inwould indicate, as these figures include many who during the flush and boom period went to work to get more spending money. The first of the conference will be to get an accurate survey of the real unemployment among the primary breadwinners of families. He said he anticipated that it would be shown that the real situation is not as bad as some alarming predictions of the suffering that would come next winter would indicate.

The conference is to be as small in personnel as possible, and Secre-

The conference is to be as small in personnel as possible, and Secretary Hoover said he hoped it could be limited to fitteen to twenty-five persons, who will be chosen with a view to geographical representation and to representation of the great industries. Asked if organized labor would be represented, Mr. Hoover said that it undoubtedly would be, but there was "no intention of letting the conference become a battleground of rival organizations."

Definite Program Desired. "Such contentious questions as the closed shop, wages or conditions of labor are to be strictly barred." Mr. Hoover said, and the conference is solely to study and make recommendations on the unemployment situations. uation as a great human condition

"The conference could develop something really constructive which would relieve such problems as in-termittence and irregularity of em-ployment," Mr. Hoover said. Mr. Hoover expects to lay his pro-gram for the conference before the President within ten days. A state-ment issued by the Department of Commerce says, in part:

Department's Statement. "It is intended to invite representatives of the greater groups of in-dustries and thought, and the co-operation of their national organiza-tions will be sought in their selec-"The object of the conference will

be to inquire into the volume of need-ed employment, the distribution of unemployment, to make recommendament by employers, the governors states and city officials.

"While the business situation is solicitude.

solicitude.
"It is conceivable that America, with its surpluses in food and clothing, with housing—though crowded—and with an abundance of fuel, could allow any suffering among those of our own people who desire to work. It is necessary that we should be forehanded in the preparation of such measures as will prevent any such

suffering."
Secretary Hoover thinks that the conference will consume some time, as he hopes to have it go thoroughly into the problem. He wants the recommendations of the conference to show what can be done by labor, by industry, by public officials and the country at large to provide reliable employment for those who really need the work to support families. Personnes to Be Decided.

The personnel of the conference has not yet been worked out, but Mr. Hoover thinks that these selections can be made within a week.

Unemployment figures must show accurately the shifts in seasonal employment which make the figures now issued by the Department of Labor unreliable as a basis for any effective work to relieve unemployment, Mr. Hoover believes.

Officials of the Department of Labor have been in conference with Secretary Hoover and have already started work on getting the real facts regarding the number of primary bread winners of a family who are now out of work as distinguished from the thousands who really did not need work and who ordinarily do not work, who, during 1920, took jobs in order that they might have additional spending money.

order that they might have additional spending money.
Secretary Hoover has for some months been co-operating with a committee of manufacturers appointed by the Chamber of Commerce of the United States with a view to bringing the Department of Commerce and the business of the country into closer co-operation. The question of anemploy-(Continued on Page 2, Column 3.)